Subject Code : 31
Entrance Subject : Geology

Test Booklet No.:
Hall Ticket No.:

## TEST BOOKLET

Time Allowed : 90 Minutes

Full Marks : 70

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Please do not open this Question Booklet until asked to do so.
2. Check the completeness of the Question Booklet immediately after opening.
3. Enter your Hall Ticket No. on the Test Booklet in the box provided alongside. Do not write anything else on the Test Booklet.
4. Fill up \& darken Hall Ticket No. \& Test Booklet No. in the OMR Answer Sheet as well as fill up Test Booklet Serial No. \& OMR Answer Sheet Serial No. in the Attendance Sheet carefully. Wrongly filled up OMR Answer Sheets are liable for rejection.
5. Each question has four answer options marked (A), (B), (C) \& (D).
6. Answers are to be marked on the Answer Sheet, which is provided separately.
7. Choose the most appropriate answer option and darken the oval completely, corresponding to (A), (B), (C) or (D) against the relevant question number.
8. Use only Blue/Black Ball Point Pen to darken the oval for answering.
9. Please do not darken more than one oval against any question, as scanner will read such markings as wrong answer.
10. Each question carries equal marks. There will be no negative marking for wrong answer.
11. Electronic items such as calculator, mobile, etc., are not permitted inside the examination hall.
12. Don't leave the examination hall until the test is over and permitted by the invigilator.
13. The candidate is required to handover the original OMR sheet to the invigilator and take the question booklet along with the candidate's copy of OMR sheet after completion of the test.
14. Sheet for rough work is appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
15. Which of the following groups are Orthogonal Crystal Systems?
(A) Cubic, Tetragonal, Orthorhombic
(B) Tetragonal, Hexagonal, Trigonal
(C) Orthorhombic, Monoclinic, Triclinic
(D) Tetragonal, Hexagonal, Orthorhombic
16. Which of the following is the general form of Cubic System?
(A) Octahedron
(B) Dodecahedron
(C) Hexoctahedron
(D) Cube
17. An open form consisting of only two faces in Orthorhombic system normal class is called
(A) Pedion
(B) Pinacoid
(C) Prism
(D) Dome
18. Which of the following statements is correct in case of normal class of Triclinic System?
(A) All forms consist of 4 faces
(B) All forms consist of 2 faces
(C) All forms consist of 6 faces
(D) Some forms consist of 2 faces while others have 4 or 6 faces.
19. Zircon type crystals may be designated as having
(A) 5 planes, 5 axes and no centre
(B) 5 planes, 3 axes and centre
(C) 3 planes, 5 axes and centre
(D) 5 planes, 5 axes and centre
20. The chemical composition of Andradite is:
(A) $\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{12}$
(B) $\mathrm{Mn}_{3} \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{12}$
(C) $\mathrm{Ca}_{3} \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{12}$
(D) $\mathrm{Fe}_{3} \mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{12}$
21. Which of the following minerals has six sets of cleavage?
(A) Sphalerite
(B) Galena
(C) Calcite
(D) Fluorite
22. Peridot is gem variety of:
(A) Spinel
(B) Garnet
(C) Olivine
(D) None of the above
23. Which of the following is a trioctahedral mica?
(A) Muscovite
(B) Biotite
(C) Chlorite
(D) None of the above
24. Which of the following is not matched correctly?
(A) Adularia - Felspar
(B) Opal - Silica
(C) Leucite - Felspar
(D) All of the above
25. Which of the following doesn't contain chromium?
(A) Uvarovite
(B) Fuchsite
(C) Pyrope
(D) Chromite
26. The Optic axes of a biaxial mineral lie in:
(A) XYplane
(B) YZ plane
(C) XZ plane
(D) None of the above
27. If a uniaxial mineral has Refractive index (RI) values of
1.6 along ordinary ray vibration direction and
1.7 along extraordinary ray vibration direction, the optic sign of the minerals is:
(A) Positive
(B) Negative
(C) Either Positive or Negative
(D) None of the above
28. Which of the following properties is exhibited by Calcite because of maximum birefringence?
(A) Twinning
(B) Anisotropism
(C) Pleochroism
(D) Twinkling
29. Which of the following is true for Quartz, if $\mathrm{E}=$ R.I. along e-ray vibration direction and $\mathrm{W}=$ R.I. along o-ray vibration direction
(A) $\mathrm{E}=1.553 \mathrm{~W}=1.562$
(B) $\mathrm{E}=1.553 \mathrm{~W}=1.544$
(C) $\mathrm{E}=1.544 \mathrm{~W}=1.553$
(D) $\mathrm{E}=1.585 \mathrm{~W}=1.485$
30. In the Becke test, the lowering of the objective of microscope results in the movement of the Beckeline into the field of
(A) Lower R.I. medium
(B) Higher R.I. medium
(C) Both A and B
(D) None of the above
31. If a bed strikes along N30E, the true dip direction of the bed could be
(A) N60 E
(B) N 60 W
(C) S30 W
(D) S 30 E
32. Compressibility can be described as the reciprocal of
(A) Young's modulus
(B) Rigidity modulus
(C) Bulkmodulus
(D) None of the above
33. A fold which is convex upward and is having younger rocks in core may be termed as
(A) Anticline
(B) Syncline
(C) Synformal Anticline
(D) Antiformal Syncline
34. Choose the correct statement from the following:
(A) Parallel folds maintain their thickness upward only
(B) Parallel folds maintain their thickness downward only
(C) Parallel folds maintain their thickness both upward and downward
(D) Parallel folds do not maintain their thickness either upward or downward
35. Thickening and thinning of beds at crests and troughs is found in
(A) Open folds
(B) Similar folds
(C) Parallel folds
(D) Concentric folds
36. In which fault the intermediate principal stress axis is vertical?
(A) Normal fault
(B) Strike slip fault
(C) Reverse fault
(D) None of the above
37. A small area of outcrop in which older rocks are surrounded by younger rocks is known as
(A) Overlap
(B) Offlap
(C) Outlier
(D) Inlier
38. When the lower beds of older series extend further than the younger ones it is described as an
(A) Overlap
(B) Offlap
(C) Onlap
(D) Overstep
39. Detailed survey for petroleum is done by
(A) Seismic reflection
(B) Seismic refraction
(C) Gravity methods
(D) Electrical methods
40. A horizontal entry into an ore body is called
(A) Bench
(B) Shaft
(C) Adit
(D) Pit
41. The process of agglomeration of fine particles by application of pressure is known as
(A) Pelletisation
(B) Briquetting
(C) Sintering
(D) None of the above
42. Coal is formed by
(A) Anaerobic process from plant materials
(B) Aerobic process from plant materials
(C) Anaerobic process from animal materials
(D) None of the above.
43. Which of the following statements is correct?
(A) Ground water always moves from discharge area to recharge area
(B) Ground water always moves from recharge area to discharge area
(C) Ground water moves between recharge area and discharge area alternately
(D) All of the above
44. If the void ratio of a rock is 1.5, its porosity is
(A) $40 \%$
(B) $50 \%$
(C) $30 \%$
(D) $60 \%$
45. The unit of Transmissivity is
(A) $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{day}$
(B) $\mathrm{m} /$ day
(C) $\mathrm{m}^{2} /$ day
(D) None of the above
46. A flowing well occurs when
(A) Piezometric surface is above ground level
(B) Piezometric surface is below ground level
(C) Piezometric surface is above the upper confining layer but below ground level
(D) Piezometric surface lies either above or below ground level
47. Which of the following equations is correct?
(A) Specific yield - Specific retention $=$ Porosity
(B) Specific yield + Specific retention $=$ Porosity
(C) Specific yield * Specific retention $=$ Porosity
(D) Specific yield $\div$ Specific retention $=$ Porosity
48. Brazilian test is used determine
(A) Tensile strength
(B) Compressive strength
(C) Shear strength
(D) Modulus of elasticity
49. The type of dam preferred where the river section is wide and the foundation is weak is:
(A) Gravity dam
(B) Embankment dam
(C) Arch dam
(D) Multiple arch dam
50. Poisson's ratio is ratio of
(A) Longitudinal strain to lateral strain
(B) Lateral strain to longitudinal strain
(C) Lateral stress to longitudinal stress
(D) Longitudinal stress to lateral stress
51. The rocks purely made of glass are called by special term known as
(A) Obsidian
(B) Tonalite
(C) Trachyte
(D) Bostonite
52. The volcanic equivalent of the plutonic rock Granodiorite is
(A) Andesite
(B) Trachyte
(C) Dacite
(D) Rhyolite
53. Reaction rims produced by primary magmatic reaction is called as
(A) Coronas
(B) Enclaves
(C) Kelyphitic borders
(D) None of the above
54. The volcanic equivalent of plutonic rock Nepheline Syenite is
(A) Rhyolite
(B) Latite
(C) Tephrite
(D) Phonolite
55. An igneous body that has domed up the strata into which it has been inserted is known as:
(A) Laccolith
(B) Lopolith
(C) Sill
(D) Dyke
56. Ijolite is a
(A) Felsic alkaline rock
(B) Mafic alkaline rock
(C) Volcanic rock
(D) Ultramafic alkaline rock
57. Which of the following is the highest temperature zone in metamorphism?
(A) Katazone
(B) Epizone
(C) Mesozone
(D) Isograd zone
58. Augen structure is produced due to which metamorphism?
(A) Regressive
(B) Cataclatic
(C) Regional
(D) Dynamo-thermal
59. Maculose structure is typically developed in argillaceous rocks under
(A) Metasomatism
(B) Cataclastic metamorphism
(C) Plutonic metamorphism
(D) Thermal metamorphism
60. Gibbs' phase rule is expressed as
(A) $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{P}+2$
(B) $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{P}-2$
(C) $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{P}+2$
(D) $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{P}+1$
61. The term Nematoblastic is applied to fabric dominated by:
(A) Tabular minerals
(B) Flaky minerals
(C) Prismatic minerals
(D) None of the above
62. Sand grained size is measured between
(A) 1 mm and $1 / 4 \mathrm{~mm}$
(B) $1 / 4 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $1 / 16 \mathrm{~mm}$
(C) $1 / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $1 / 4 \mathrm{~mm}$
(D) 2 mm and $1 / 16 \mathrm{~mm}$
63. Which of the following sediments has the best sorting of particles?
(A) Beach
(B) Fluvial
(C) Sand dune
(D) Loess
64. Which of the following is Argillaceous limestone?
(A) Chalk
(B) Marl
(C) Kankar
(D) Pelagic limestone
65. Guano is:
(A) Calcareous deposit
(B) Ferruginous deposit
(C) Phosphatic deposit
(D) Siliceous deposit
66. A pyramid shaped peak formed by glacial erosion is a
(A) Fiord
(B) Cirque
(C) Horn
(D) Medial moraine
67. The drainage pattern that develops under uniform resistant rocks and implies lack of structural control is known as
(A) Barbed
(B) Dendritic
(C) Rectangular
(D) Trellis
68. The elastic rebound theory is postulated by
(A) Max Planck
(B) Wegner
(C) Reid
(D) Hooke
69. Destructive plate boundary is also known as:
(A) Conservative plate boundary
(B) Converging plate boundary
(C) Diverging plate boundary
(D) Transform plate boundary
70. Streams which flow in the opposite direction to the original consequent streams are described as
(A) Subsequent
(B) Insequent
(C) Resequent
(D) Obsequent
71. Which of the following exhibits maximum half-life period?
(A) $\mathrm{U}^{238}-\mathrm{Pb}^{206}$
(B) $\mathrm{U}^{235}-\mathrm{Pb}^{207}$
(C) $\mathrm{Rb}^{87}-\mathrm{Sr}^{87}$
(D) $\quad \mathrm{Sm}^{147}-\mathrm{Nd}^{143}$
72. A stream consisting of interwoven channels is known as:
(A) Fluvioglacial stream
(B) Braided stream
(C) Meandering stream
(D) Matured valley stream
73. The Subathu Formation is characterised by fossil:
(A) Nummulites
(B) Titanosaurus
(C) Gangamopteris
(D) Elephas
74. The boundary between Eastern Dharwar Craton and Western Dharwar Craton is marked by presence of:
(A) Iron ore belt
(B) Greenstone belt
(C) Southern granulite belt
(D) Deccan volcanics
75. The age of Syringothyris Limestone is:
(A) Ordovician
(B) Lower carboniferous
(C) Lower permian
(D) Lower silurian
76. Which of the following formations overlie Tipam Sandstone?
(A) Jaintia Beds
(B) Namsang Beds
(C) Dupitila Clay
(D) Girujan Clay
77. Which of the following gastropods show sinistral coiling?
(A) Patella
(B) Plenotomaria
(C) Natica
(D) Planorbis
78. The calcareous plates around the anus of Echinoids is called as:
(A) Periproct
(B) Peristome
(C) Pyramids
(D) Plesiocidaroida
79. The spatial resolution of LISS-III of IRS-1C is:
(A) 11.5 m
(B) 23.5 m
(C) 36 m
(D) 72 m
80. The area imaged by a satellite while revolving round the earth is called:
(A) Swath
(B) Nadir
(C) Orbit
(D) Pixel
81. An ore deposit formed later than the host rocks is called:
(A) Syngenetic
(B) Diagenetic
(C) Epigenetic
(D) Cogenetic
82. Porphyry type copper deposits are associated with:
(A) Intra-cratonic rift setting
(B) Mid-oceanic ridge setting
(C) Continent-ocean collison
(D) Ocean -ocean subduction setting
83. Minimum metal percentage at which mining is done at profit is called:
(A) Average grade
(B) Cut off grade
(C) Economic grade
(D) Mill grade
84. The lime to clay ratio in cement is approximately:
(A) $4: 1$
(B) $1: 4$
(C) $2: 3$
(D) $4: 3$

## ROUGH WORK

